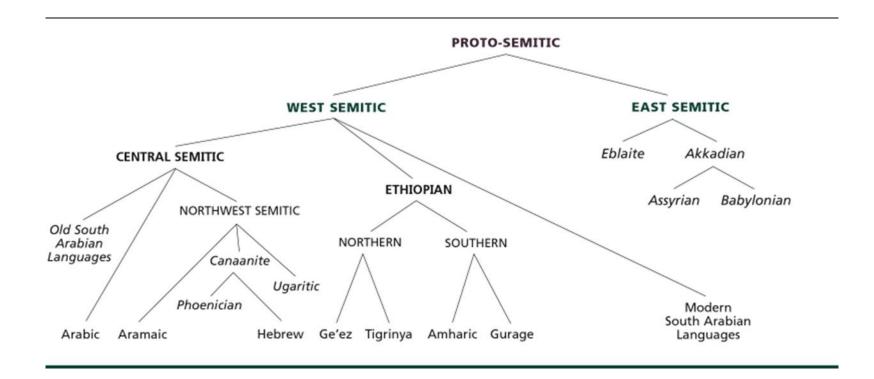
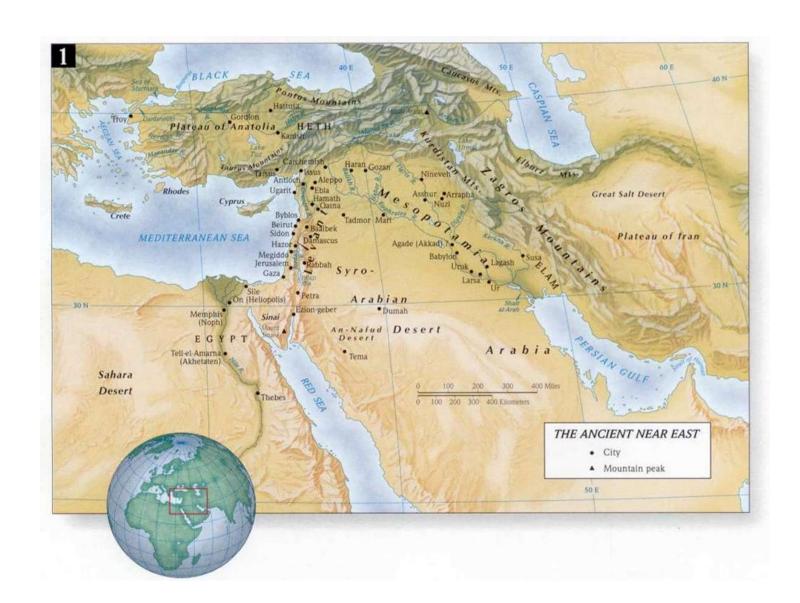
Rel 222-Islam

Development of Written Arabic

and

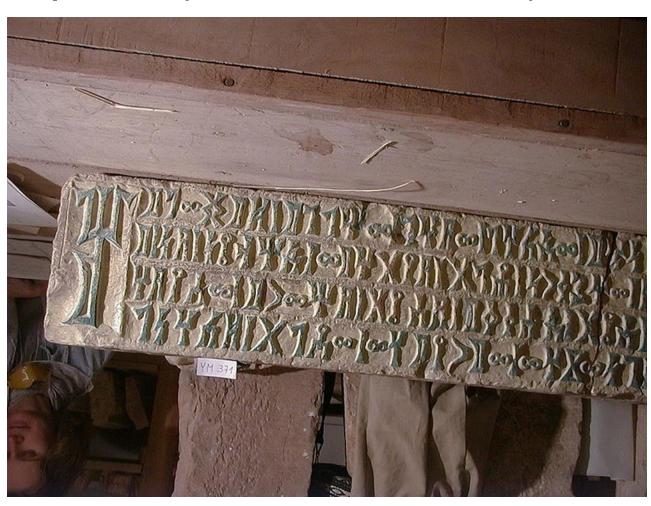
Introduction to Qur'anic Studies



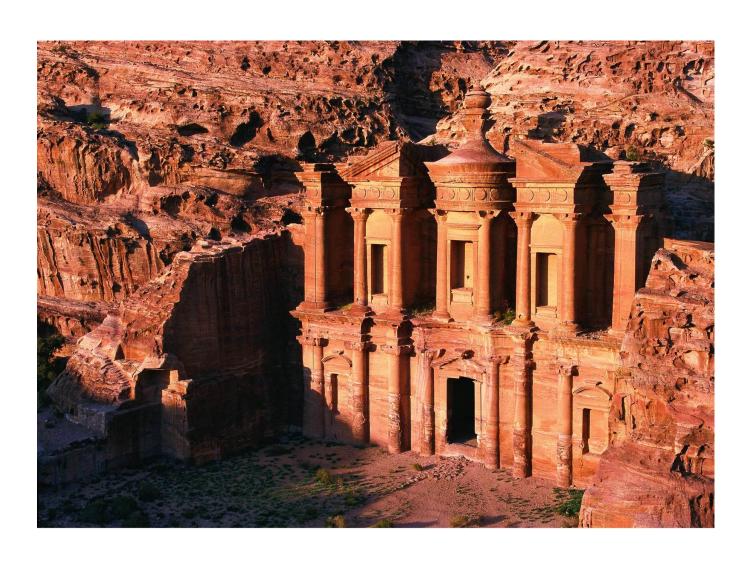


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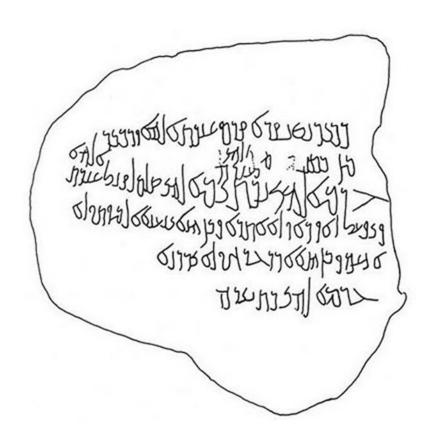
Epigraphic South Arabian inscription (Sana'a, Yemen)



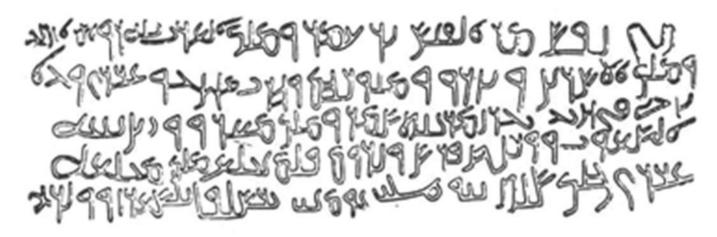
Petra: trading capital of Nabataeans



'En 'Avdat no date, but probably no later than 150 CE Nabataean script/lines 1-4 Aramaic, lines 5-6 Arabic

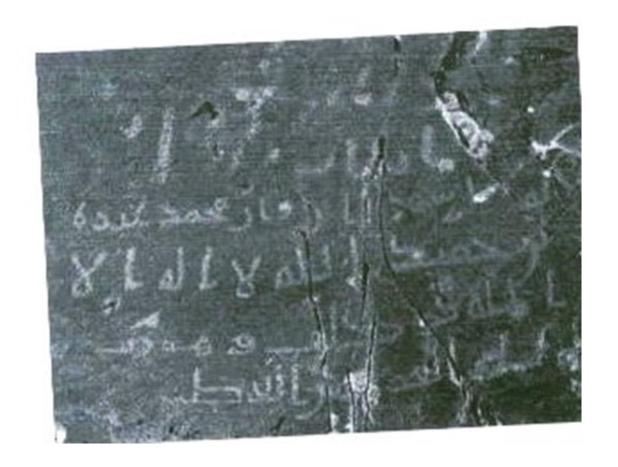


Namara dated, 328 CE Nabataean script/Arabic language

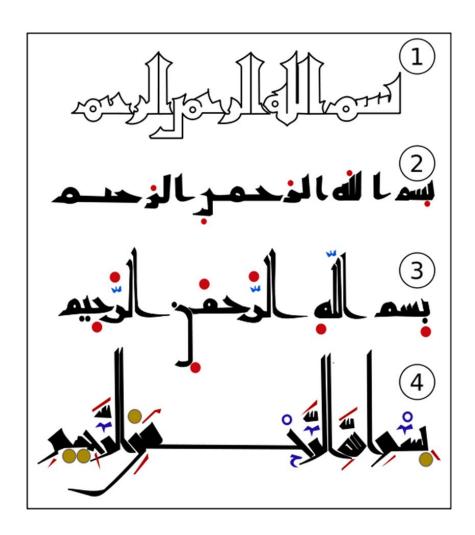


Funerary inscription from an-Namara (AD 328), speaking of the famous pre-Islamic poet Imru l-Qays.

Jabal Ramm no date, probably 4th century CE



خ	ح	ج	ث	ت	ب	١	
kha	haa	jiim	thaa	taa	baa	alif	
ص	ش	س	ز	ر	ذ	7	
saad	shiin	siin	zaay	raa	thaal	daal	
ق	ف	غ	ع	ظ	ط	ض	
qaaf	faa	ghayn	ayn	thaa	taa	daad	
ي	و	٥	ن	م	ل	أك	
yaa	waaw	ha	nuun	miim	laam	kaaf	



Qur'an canonization: traditional account

- Muhammad ca. 570-632 (revelation, 22 years)
- Abu Bakr r. 632-634 (private collection)
- 'Umar r. 634-644 (private and some official collection)
- 'Uthman r. 644-656 (consonantal skeleton and burning of variant manuscripts)
- 'Ali r. 656-661